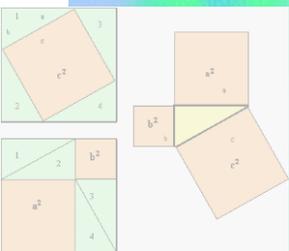
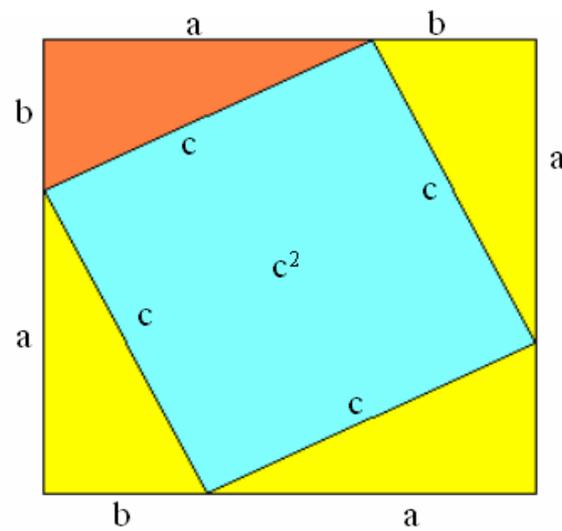
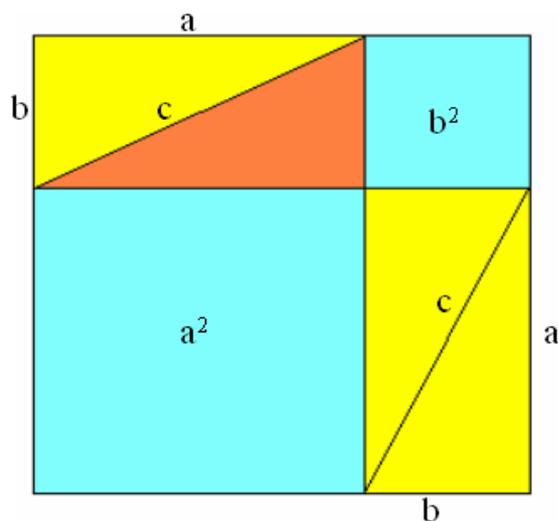


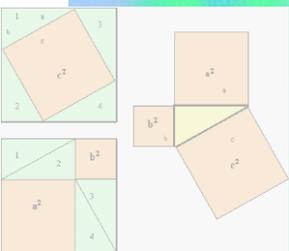
Pitagorin poučak



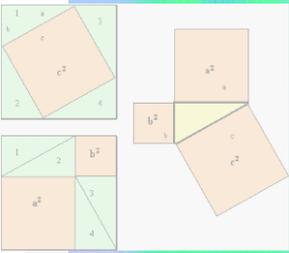
Pitagorin poučak

- Ako četiri površinom jednaka trokuta iz lijevog kvadrata drugačije složimo, dobit ćemo desni lik.





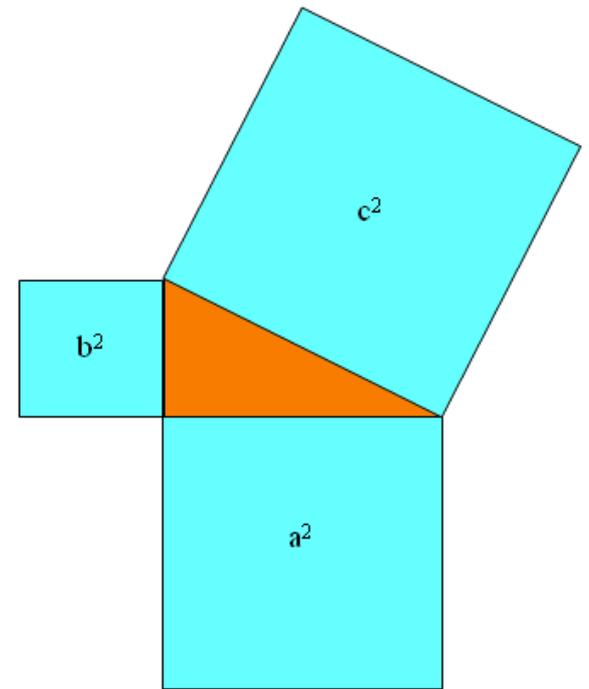
- Na prethodnom prikazu vidimo da je zbroj površina kvadrata nad katetama po površini jednak kvadratu nad hipotenuzom
- Ovu povezanost između duljina kateta i duljine hipotenuze u pravokutnom trokutu nazivamo Pitagorinim poučkom

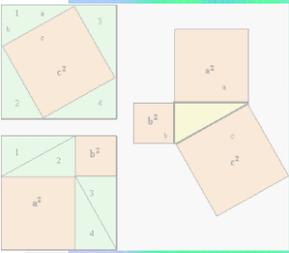


Pitagorin poučak:

U pravokutnom trokutu površina kvadrata nad hipotenuzom jednaka je zbroju površina kvadrata nad katetama.

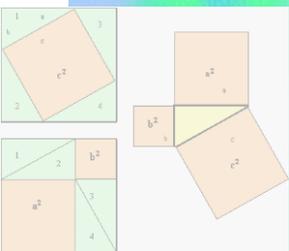
$$c^2 = a^2 + b^2$$





Napomena:

Pravokutni trokut kojemu su duljine stranica prirodni brojevi nazivamo Pitagorinim trokutom.



Primjer 1.

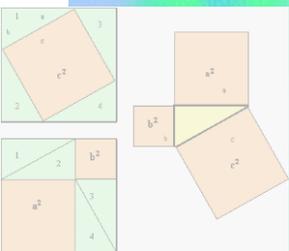
- U pravokutnom trokutu *ABC* možemo izračunati duljinu hipotenuze ako su poznate duljine kateta: $a = 6.5 \text{ cm}$ i $b = 3.8 \text{ cm}$.

$$c^2 = a^2 + b^2$$

$$c = \sqrt{a^2 + b^2}$$

$$c = \sqrt{6.5^2 + 3.8^2} \text{ cm}$$

$$c = 7.5 \text{ cm}$$



Primjer 2.

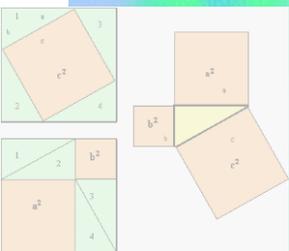
Ako je poznata duljina jedne katete $a = 4.3$ cm i duljina hipotenuze $c = 12.1$ cm primjenom Pitagorina poučka možemo izračunati duljinu druge katete.

$$b^2 = c^2 - a^2$$

$$b = \sqrt{c^2 - a^2}$$

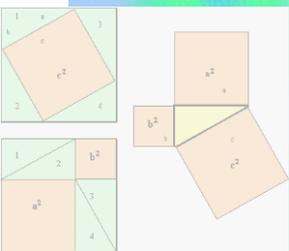
$$b = \sqrt{12.1^2 - 4.3^2} \text{ cm}$$

$$b = 11.3 \text{ cm}$$



Zadaci za vježbu:

- Izračunavanje hipotenuze
- Izračunavanje katete a
- Izračunavanje katete b
- Primjena Pitagorina poučka
- Kraj

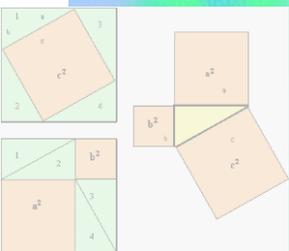


Izračunavanje hipotenuze

U trokutu ABC izračunaj kolika je duljina hipotenuze c ako je $a = 6.2$ cm i $b = 8.4$ cm.

- a) 38.44 cm
- b) 2.89 cm
- c) 10.44 cm
- d) 109 cm





Izračunavanje katete a

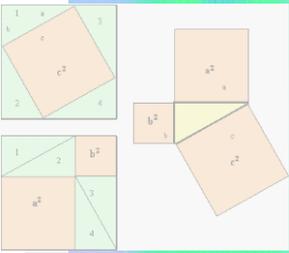
U trokutu ABC izračunaj kolika je duljina katete a ako je $b = 5.3 \text{ cm}$ i $c = 8.9 \text{ cm}$.

a) 7.14 cm

b) 28.09 cm

c) 51.12 cm





Izračunavanje katete b

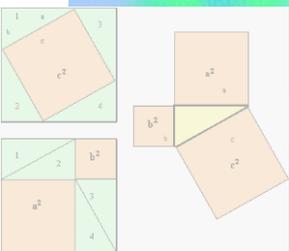
U trokutu ABC izračunaj kolika je duljina katete b ako je $a = 4.2 \text{ cm}$ i $c = 8.2 \text{ cm}$.

a) 17.64 cm

b) 7.04 cm

c) 49.6 cm





Primjena Pitagorina poučka

Koliku će visinu doseći preklopljene ljestve duljine 2.5 m ako je za stabilnost ljestava na tlu potreban razmak 1.2 m?

a) 2.42 m

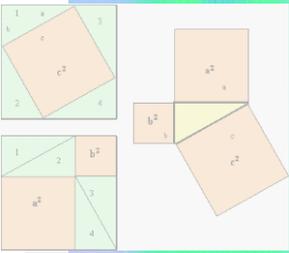
b) 1.44 m

c) 1.58 m



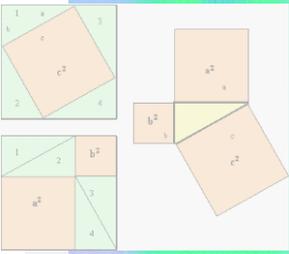
Bravo! Točno si riješio postavljeni zadatak.





Pogrešni rezultat.
Pokušaj ponovo!





Zadatak 1.

- **Postupak**

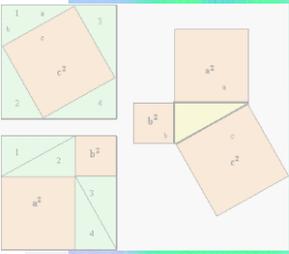
$$c^2 = a^2 + b^2$$

$$c = \sqrt{a^2 + b^2}$$

$$c = \sqrt{6.2^2 + 8.4^2} \text{ cm}$$

$$c = 10.44 \text{ cm}$$





Zadatak 2.

- **Postupak**

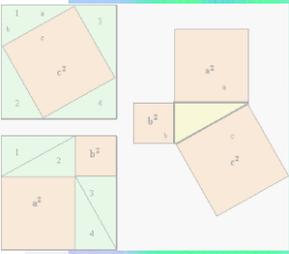
$$a^2 = c^2 - b^2$$

$$a = \sqrt{c^2 - b^2}$$

$$a = \sqrt{8.9^2 - 5.3^2} \text{ cm}$$

$$a = 7.14 \text{ cm}$$





Zadatak 3.

- **Postupak**

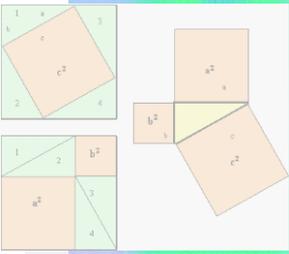
$$b^2 = c^2 - a^2$$

$$b = \sqrt{c^2 - a^2}$$

$$b = \sqrt{8.2^2 - 4.2^2} \text{ cm}$$

$$b = 7.04 \text{ cm}$$





Zadatak 4.

- **Postupak**

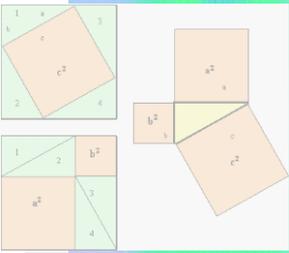
$$b^2 = c^2 - a^2$$

$$b = \sqrt{c^2 - a^2}$$

$$b = \sqrt{2.5^2 - 0.6^2} m$$

$$b = 2.42m$$





Kraj